



# **WA-50**

## **IoT Mini Electric Actuator**

# **Instruction Manual**

- Please read this instruction manual carefully before installation and use.
- Retain this manual for future reference.
- Ensure proper use of the product by thoroughly understanding the contents of this manual.



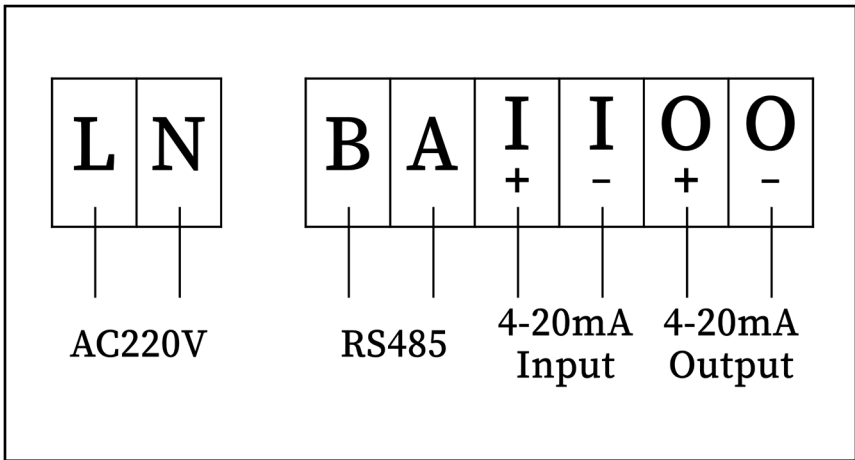


Operation & Debugging

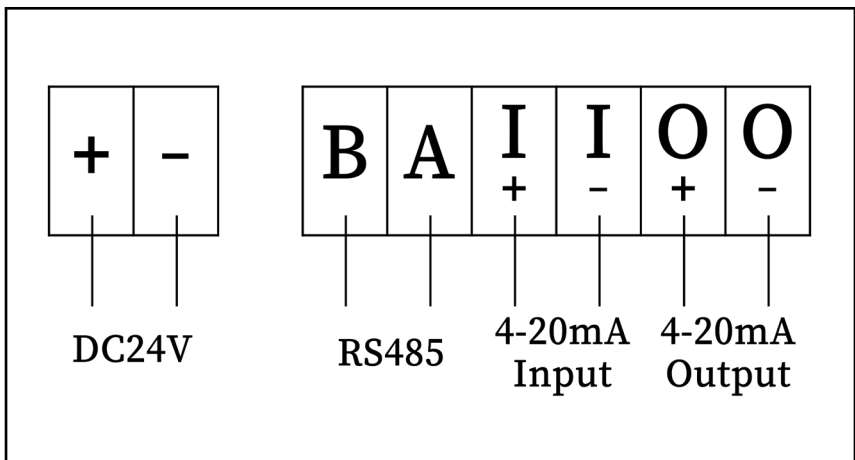
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## Electrical Wiring Diagram

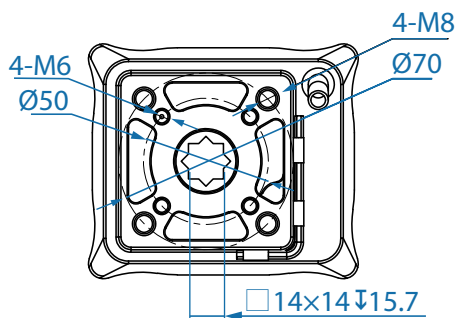
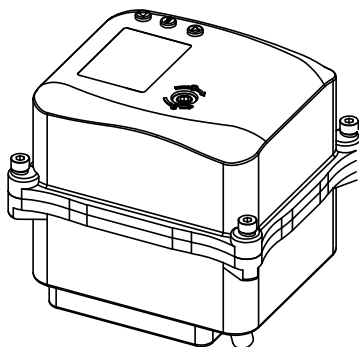
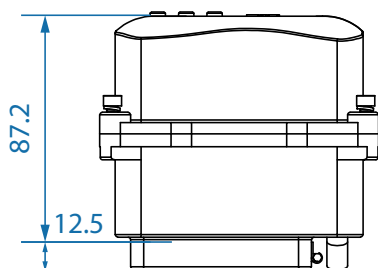
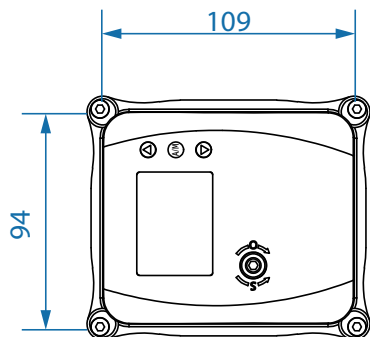


**AC 220V**



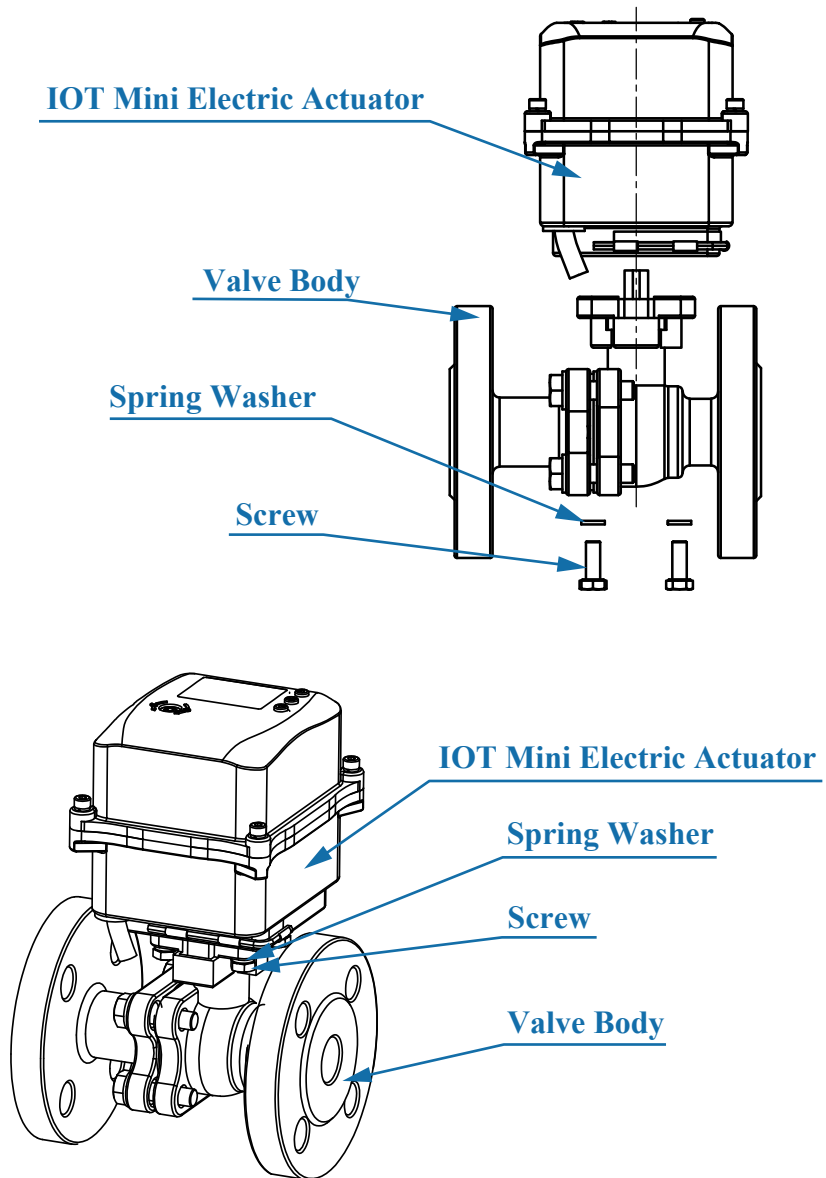
**DC 24V**

## Dimensional Drawing (regulating type)



**Note:** Octagonal.opt. □9×9, □11×11, □11×11

## | Valve Body Assembly Drawing

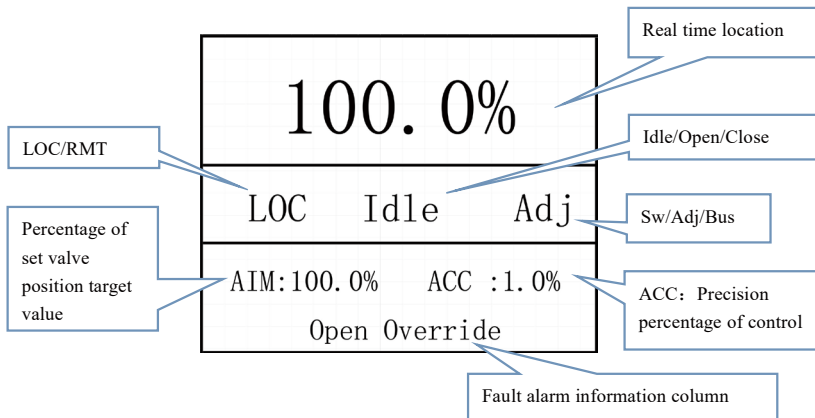


## Technical Specifications

- Rated voltage: AC220V/DC24V
- Rated torque: 50N·m
- rated power: 10W
- Compatible valves: DN32, DN40 and smaller ball valves
- Speed control: PWM stepless speed regulation; ensures stable operation
- Adjustable range: 30%-100%
- Control mode: Modulating (encoder);
- Communication protocol: Modbus-compatible;
- Control accuracy:  $\pm 0.5\%$ ;
- Drive motor: High-performance brushless motor with built-in overload protection;
- Stroke time: 15s-25s (0-90°);
- Position display: Real-time OLED with Chinese interface for status and parameter monitoring;
- Manual override: Hex key operation;
- Housing material: Upper enclosure - integrated ABS housing + TPE buttons + PC lens;  
Lower enclosure - die-cast aluminum;
- Output shaft: Recessed octagonal (14×14mm);

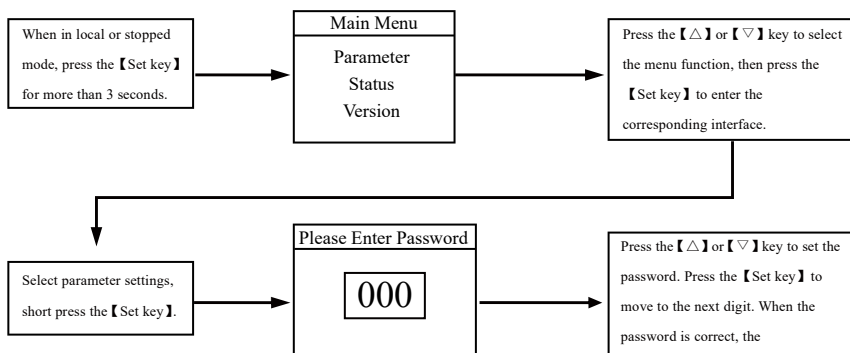
The WA-50 IoT Mini Electric Actuator is our latest ultra-compact electric actuator designed for 90° angular displacement valves (e.g., butterfly valves, ball valves, damper valves), providing open/close and modulating control. It is suitable for industrial automation systems in food processing, environmental protection, papermaking, chemical, and power industries.

## Interface Description



# Operation Instructions

- 1.The **【△】** key functions as "UP," and the **【▽】** key functions as "Down."
- 2.The **【Set key】** operates as follows:  
A short press (0.3 seconds) switches between Local and Remote modes.  
A long press (3 seconds) enters the main menu.
- 3.Simultaneously pressing the **【△】** and **【▽】** keys is equivalent to a "return" action.
- 4.When setting parameters or stroke values, any return action will navigate back to the previous menu.
- 5.In the setting interface:  
Use the **【△】** and **【▽】** keys to select a menu option.  
Press the **【Set key】** to confirm and enter the selected option.
- 6.Enter the password input interface.



## Basic Parameter Settings

| Basic Set (1/2)   |
|-------------------|
| Distance>>        |
| Close Dir: CW_DIR |
| Dead Time: 1s     |
| Locked time: 2s   |

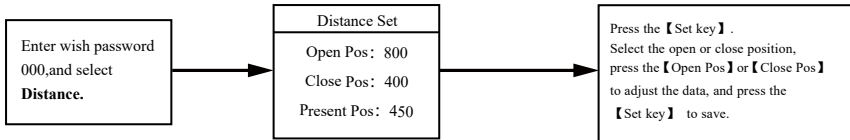
| Basic Set (2/2)   |
|-------------------|
| Fb Current>>      |
| Ctr Current>>     |
| Remote Mode: Hold |
| Bus Set>>         |

### Stroke Setting Procedure (Direction Verification First)

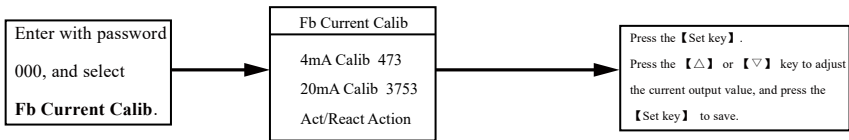
Minimum switch position interval: 200



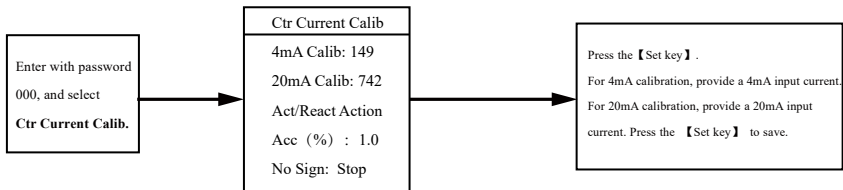
- The following parameters can be configured in the Basic Settings menu:
- "Close Valve Direction", "Deadband Time",
- "Stall Time", "Feedback Current", "Remote Mode" (On/Off type), "Control Current" (Modulating type), "Bus Configuration" (Bus communication type).



## ■ Output Current Calibration



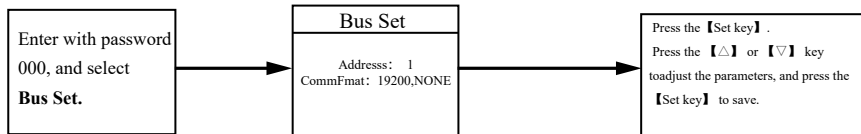
## ■ Input Current Calibration



In this interface, you can configure "Accuracy" and "Signal Loss Mode" settings:

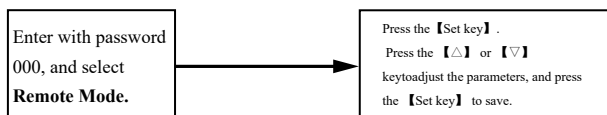
- ① Control accuracy can be increased when the stroke is long and inertia is small; conversely, it should be decreased (the value becomes larger) when stroke is short and inertia is big;
- ② Signal Loss Mode refers to: In modulating control mode, when no external 4~20mA signal is detected, the system will enter signal loss mode. The controller will drive the actuator to move to the pre-selected position (original position, fully closed, fully open, or preset opening position).

## ■ Bus Settings (Bus Set)



Note: The address range is 1~250, with a total of 6 communication formats.

Remote Signal (Remote Mode) Selection (When set to Switch Type (SW))

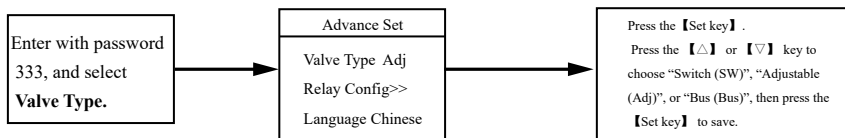


Note: The Remote Mode options are as follows: Jog (Moment), Hold (Hold), Open on Signal (Open), Close on Signal (Close).

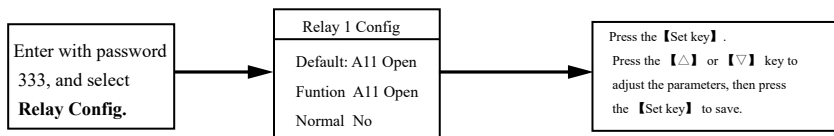
## | Advanced Settings (Password:333)

■ In the advanced settings, you can configure the following parameters: "Valve Type", "ESD Settings", "Relay Configuration", "Reset Parameters", and "Language Selection". Among these, the valve type and language selection can be adjusted as needed.

### ■ Valve Type Setting (Valve Type)



### ■ Relay Configuration Setting (Relay Config)



### ■ Language Selection (Language)

The system supports bilingual display options:

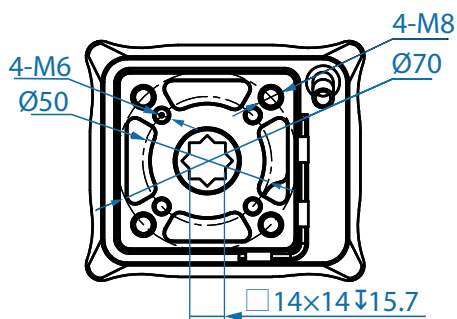
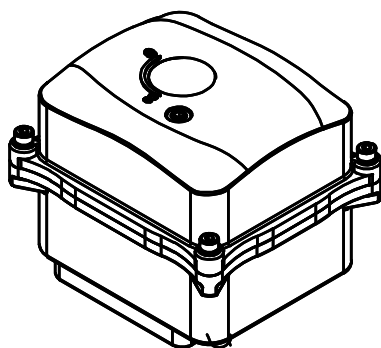
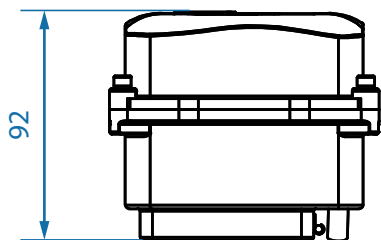
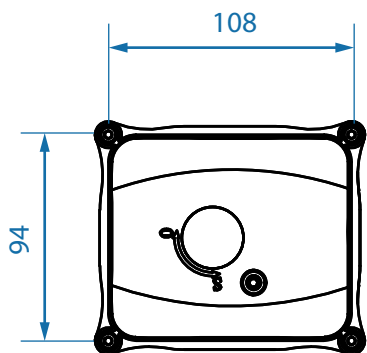
Chinese (中文) / English (英文)

## Troubleshooting for Common Issues

| Fault Phenomenon  | Solution  |
|---|---|
| Motor Stall Display   | 1. Motor lockup 2. Motor reverse rotation 3. Encoder failure  |
| Command Conflict Display                                      | 1. Simultaneous remote open and remote close signal inputs  |
| Valve Position Overflow or Underflow Display                  | 1. Encoder reading exceeds 2.5 turns of the output shaft<br>2. Stroke not set                         |
| Display Does Not Show When Powered On                         | 1. Power not connected or voltage too low 2. Loose internal wiring in the module 3. Circuit damage    |
| No Action on Site or Remote Control When Powered On           | 1. Fault protection 2. Motor failure or seized<br>3. Circuit damage                                   |
| Works on Site but Remote Control Does Not Work                | 1. Abnormal remote control signal 2. Not in remote mode<br>3. Circuit damage                          |
| No Action on Site but Remote Control Works                    | 1. Not in local mode 2. Operation button not pressed properly<br>3. Circuit damage                    |
| Can Open but Cannot Close, or Can Close but Cannot Open       | 1. Motor failure, lockup, or incorrect wiring 2. Circuit damage                                       |
| No Control Signal but Actuator Moves on Power On              | 1. Control signal is present or loss of signal action<br>2. Set to two-wire control 3. Circuit damage |
| Moves to Limit but Cannot Move Further in the Middle Position | 1. Motor failure or open circuit in wiring 2. Circuit damage  |
| Movement Direction Reversed                                   | 1. Valve position calibration reversed 2. Forward/reverse action set incorrectly 3. Signal reversed   |
| No Output Current or Intermittent Output                      | 1. Incorrect wiring or poor connection 2. Encoder failure<br>3. Circuit damage                        |
| Feedback Current Too High, Too Low, or Constant               | 1. Encoder failure or poor engagement with drive gears<br>2. Calibration error 3. Circuit damage      |
| Normal Action but Valve Position Display Does Not Change      | 1. Encoder failure 2. Circuit damage  |
| Actuator Motor Keeps Running After Valve Reaches Position     | 1. Stroke setting error 2. Encoder malfunction 3. Circuit damage                                      |
| Loss of Signal Display  | 1. 4-20mA signal source abnormal 2. Wiring error or loose connection 3. Circuit damage                |

**Note:** When the device reports a fault, the customer can simultaneously press and hold the 【△】 and 【▽】 keys to exit the fault state.

## Dimensional Drawing (On/Off Type)

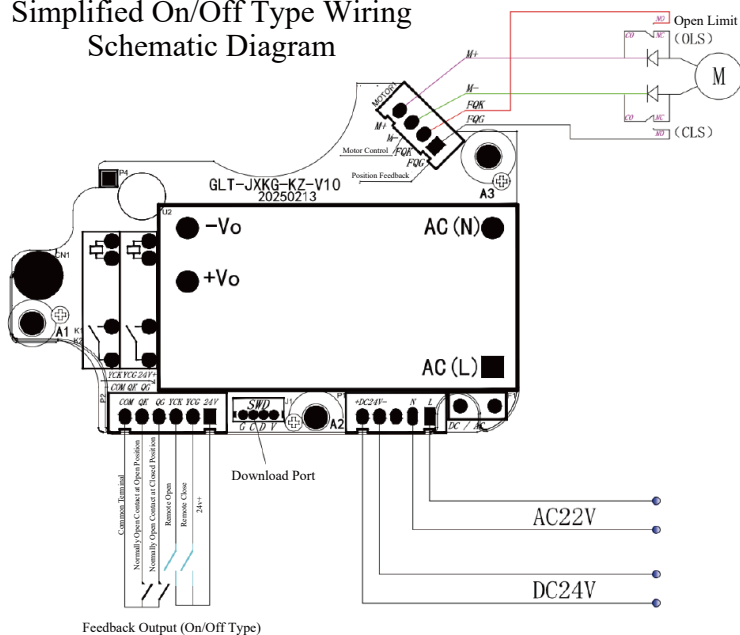


# Wiring Table

| Module Tag Number                          | Tag Number | Signal Definition | Signal Type             | Module Tag Number      | Tag Number | Signal Definition        | Signal Type                              |
|--|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--|
| P1<br>Power Input                          | 1          | AC220V-L          | AC220V Input            | P2<br>Signal Interface | 1          | 24V                      | (Switch Type)Common Terminal 24V+        |
|  | 2          | AC220V-N          |                         |                        | 2          | YCG                      | (Switch Type)Remote Close                |
|  | 3          | NC                | 3                       |                        | YCK        | (Switch Type)Remote Open |  |
|  | 4          | DC24V-            | DC24V Input             |                        | 4          | QG                       | Normally Open Contact at Closed Position |
|  | 5          | DC24V+            |                         |                        | 5          | QK                       | Normally Open Contact at Open Position   |
| MOTOR1<br>Motor Control and Feedback Cable | 1          | FQG               | Position Feedback Cable |                        |            | 6                        | COM                                      |
|  | 2          | FQK               |                         |                        |            |                          |  |
|  | 3          | M-                | Motor Control Cable     |                        |            |                          |  |
|  | 4          | M+                |                         |                        |            |                          |  |

# Wiring Schematic Diagram

Simplified On/Off Type Wiring Schematic Diagram



When only one of the power inputs can be wired, please note the wiring method for high-voltage electricity: connecting AC220V to the DC24V port will damage the controller.

# | Operation Instructions

Electrical Wiring and Functional Testing Procedure (Per Schematic Diagram):

- 1.Primary AC220V power supply verification
- 2.Momentary contact between COM & YCK terminals to initiate motor rotation toward full open position - verify end-of-travel limit switch engagement
- 3.YCG terminals to initiate motor rotation toward full closed position - verify end-of-travel limit switch engagement
- 4.Repeat test sequence (steps 2-3) using secondary DC24V power input to complete validation protocol

Critical Operational Notice:

- 1.Feedback circuit activation requires maintained control signal continuity
- 2.Example: YCK contact must remain closed to sustain full open position indication relay status
- 3.Premature control signal interruption will cause position feedback signal dropout





Operation & Debugging

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